State of Arizona Senate Forty-fifth Legislature Second Regular Session 2002

CHAPTER 179

## **SENATE BILL 1399**

### AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 32-1132, 32-1134, 32-1134.01, 32-1136, 32-1139, 32-1152 AND 32-1154, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 32, CHAPTER 10, ARTICLE 3, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTION 32-1158.01; RELATING TO THE RESIDENTIAL CONTRACTORS' RECOVERY FUND.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

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44 45 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

Section 1. Section 32-1132, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

#### 32-1132. Residential contractors' recovery fund

- A. The residential contractors' recovery fund is established, to be administered by the registrar, from which any person injured by an act, representation, transaction or conduct of a residential contractor that is in violation of this chapter or the rules adopted pursuant to this chapter may be awarded in the county where the violation occurred an amount of not more than twenty THIRTY thousand dollars for damages sustained by the act, representation, transaction or conduct. An award from the fund is limited to the actual damages suffered by the claimant as a direct result of the contractor's violation but shall not exceed an amount necessary to complete or repair a residential structure or appurtenance within residential property lines. If the claimant has paid a deposit or down payment and no actual work is performed or materials are delivered, the award of actual damages shall not exceed the exact dollar amount of the deposit or down payment plus interest at the rate of ten per cent a year from the date the deposit or down payment is made or not more than twenty THIRTY thousand dollars, whichever is less. Interest shall not be paid from the fund on any other awards under this chapter unless ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction. An award from the fund shall not be available to persons injured by an act, representation, transaction or conduct of a residential contractor whose license was in an inactive status, expired, cancelled, revoked or suspended at the time of the contract. No more than the maximum individual award from the fund shall be made on any individual residence or to any injured person. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, monies in the RESIDENTIAL contractors' recovery fund shall not be directly awarded for attorney fees or costs except in contested cases appealed to the superior court.
- B. Except as provided in section 32-1152, subsection C, every person making application for a contractor's license or for renewal of a contractor's license to engage in residential contracting shall pay an assessment of not more than six hundred dollars during the biennial license period for deposit in the fund. In the event that the registrar does not issue the license, this assessment shall be returned to the applicant.
  - Sec. 2. Section 32-1134, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 32-1134. <u>Powers and duties of registrar</u>
  - A. The registrar shall:
- 1. Maintain the fund at a minimum level of one TWO hundred thousand dollars.
- 2. Fix assessments basing such assessments on an actuarial projection of anticipated claims and an anticipated annual inflation rate of ten per cent.
- 3. Establish claim reserves based on the incurral date of claims and an earned basis of income.

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- 4. Cause an examination of the fund to be made every three years.
- 5. File with the department of insurance an annual statement of the condition of the fund, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and showing claim reserves.
- 6. Employ accountants and attorneys from monies in the fund, but not to exceed ten thousand dollars in any fiscal year, that are necessary for the performance of the duties prescribed in this section.
- 7. Employ or contract with individuals and procure equipment and operational support, to be paid from or purchased with monies in the fund, but not to exceed ten per cent of the fund in any fiscal year as may be necessary to monitor, process or oppose claims filed by injured persons which may result in collection from the recovery fund.
- B. Notwithstanding section 32-1135, the registrar may expend interest monies from the fund to increase public awareness of the fund. This expenditure shall not exceed fifty thousand dollars in any fiscal year.
- Sec. 3. Section 32-1134.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

#### 32-1134.01. Additional payments to fund

If at any time the balance remaining in the residential contractors' recovery fund is less than one TWO hundred thousand dollars, every residential contractor who paid into the fund pursuant to section 32-1132 shall be reassessed in an amount determined by the registrar pursuant to section 32-1134 and shall make the required payment into the fund. The registrar shall suspend a residential contractor's license for failure to make the required payment until the amount owed is paid in full.

Sec. 4. Section 32-1136, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 32-1136. Statute of limitations; recovery from fund

- A. An action for a judgment which may subsequently result in an order for collection from the fund shall not be commenced later than two years from the date of the commission of the act by the contractor that is the cause of the injury or from the date of occupancy. When any injured person commences action for a judgment which may result in collection from the fund, the injured person shall notify the registrar in writing to this effect at the time of the commencement of the action. The registrar may at any time intervene in and defend any such action.
- B. When any injured person recovers a valid judgment against any residential contractor for such act, representation, transaction or conduct which is in violation of this chapter or the rules adopted pursuant to this chapter, which occurred on or after July 1, 1981, the injured person may on twenty days' written notice to the registrar apply to the court for an order directing payment out of the fund, of the amount unpaid on the judgment, subject to the limitations stated in this article. If the injured person failed to give notice to the registrar at the time of commencement of the action as required by subsection A of this section, the court may direct payment out of the fund upon receipt of a consent to payment signed on behalf

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 of the registrar. If the injured person has given notice to the registrar as required by subsection A of this section, the court may direct payment out of the fund either on receipt of a consent to payment signed on behalf of the registrar or, in the absence of any written consent, after the notice period required by subsection B of this section. If the court receives written objections by the registrar, the court shall not direct payment from the fund without affording the registrar a reasonable opportunity to present and support his objections.

- C. The injured person shall not be the spouse of the residential contractor or the personal representative of the spouse of the residential contractor.
- D. The court shall proceed on an application in a summary manner and, on the hearing, the injured person is required to show that he:
- 1. Has given notice as required by subsections  ${\sf A}$  and  ${\sf B}$  of this section.
- . 2. Has obtained a judgment which has become final, as provided in subsection B of this section, stating the amount and the amount owing at the date of the application.
- 3. Has proceeded against any existing bond covering the residential contractor and has not collected upon such bond an amount of twenty THIRTY thousand dollars or more, except when the award is made pursuant to SUBSECTION E OF THIS SECTION OR section 32-1154.
- 4. Is not aware of any personal or real property or other assets of the debtor which can be applied in satisfaction of the judgment.
- E. The court shall make an order directed to the registrar requiring payment from the fund of whatever sum it finds to be payable on the claim, in accordance with this section, if the court is satisfied on the hearing of the truth of all matters required to be shown by the injured person by subsection D of this section. The recovery limits established under this article apply to all judgments awarded after August 1, 1994 SEPTEMBER 1, 2002. If the injured person has recovered a portion of his loss from sources other than the fund in an amount of twenty thousand dollars or less, the registrar, if the award is made pursuant to section 32-1154, or the court shall deduct the amount recovered from other sources from the amount payable upon the claim OF ACTUAL DAMAGES SUFFERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 32-1132, SUBSECTION A and direct the difference, NOT TO EXCEED THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, to be paid from the fund.
- F. On receipt of a certified copy of the order specified in subsection E of this section, the registrar may authorize payment from the residential contractors' recovery fund even if an appeal has been instituted but not completed.

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 Sec. 5. Section 32-1139, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 32-1139. <u>Liability of fund for each residential contractor's license; suspension of license; repayment</u>

A. The liability of the fund shall not exceed one TWO hundred thousand dollars for any one residential contractor's license. If claims against the fund on behalf of any one residential contractor's license exceed one TWO hundred thousand dollars, the claims shall be paid in order of the date of entry of the order of the registrar or court, and the registrar or a court entering an order for payment after the sum of one TWO hundred thousand dollars has been paid from the fund shall modify the order indicating that no further recovery from the fund shall be allowed.

B. If any amount is paid from the fund in settlement of a claim arising from the act, representation, transaction or conduct of a residential contractor, the license of the contractor shall be automatically suspended by operation of law until the amount paid from the fund is repaid in full, plus interest at the rate of ten per cent a year. Any person who is or was, at the time of the act or omission, named on a license that has been suspended because of a payment from the recovery fund is not eligible to receive a new license or retain another existing license that also shall be suspended by operation of law, nor shall any suspended license be reactivated, until the amount paid from the fund is repaid as provided in this subsection.

Sec. 6. Section 32-1152, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 32-1152. <u>Bonds</u>

- A. Before granting an original contractor's license, the registrar shall require of the applicant a surety bond in a form acceptable to the registrar or a cash deposit as provided in this section. No contractor's license may be renewed unless the applicant's surety bond or cash deposit is in full force and effect.
- B. The bonds, or the cash deposit as provided in this section, shall be in the name of the licensee in amounts fixed by the registrar with the following schedules after giving due consideration to the volume of work and the classification contemplated by the applicant:
- 1. General commercial building contractors and subclassifications of general commercial contractors shall furnish a surety bond or cash deposit in an amount which shall be determined as follows:
- (a) If the estimated annual volume of construction work of the applicant is ten million dollars or more, the applicant shall furnish a surety bond or cash deposit of not less than fifty thousand dollars or more than one hundred thousand dollars.
- (b) If the estimated annual volume of construction work of the applicant is more than five million dollars and less than ten million dollars, the applicant shall furnish a surety bond or cash deposit of not less than thirty-five thousand dollars or more than seventy-five thousand dollars.

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- (c) If the estimated annual volume of construction work of the applicant is more than one million dollars and less than five million dollars, the applicant shall furnish a surety bond or cash deposit of not less than fifteen thousand dollars or more than fifty thousand dollars.
- (d) If the estimated annual volume of construction work of the applicant is more than five hundred thousand dollars and less than one million dollars, the applicant shall furnish a surety bond or cash deposit of not less than ten thousand dollars or more than twenty-five thousand dollars.
- (e) If the estimated annual volume of construction work of the applicant is more than one hundred fifty thousand dollars and less than five hundred thousand dollars, the applicant shall furnish a surety bond or cash deposit of not less than five thousand dollars or more than fifteen thousand dollars.
- (f) If the estimated annual volume of construction work of the applicant is less than one hundred fifty thousand dollars, the applicant shall furnish a surety bond or cash deposit of five thousand dollars.
- 2. Specialty commercial contractors shall furnish a surety bond or cash deposit in an amount which shall be determined as follows:
- (a) If the estimated annual volume of construction work of the applicant is ten million dollars or more, the applicant shall furnish a surety bond or cash deposit of not less than thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars or more than fifty thousand dollars.
- (b) If the estimated annual volume of construction work of the applicant is more than five million dollars and less than ten million dollars, the applicant shall furnish a surety bond or cash deposit of not less than seventeen thousand five hundred dollars or more than thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars.
- (c) If the estimated annual volume of construction work of the applicant is more than one million dollars and less than five million dollars, the applicant shall furnish a surety bond or cash deposit of not less than seven thousand five hundred dollars or more than twenty-five thousand dollars.
- (d) If the estimated annual volume of construction work of the applicant is more than five hundred thousand dollars and less than one million dollars, the applicant shall furnish a surety bond or cash deposit of not less than five thousand dollars or more than seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.
- (e) If the estimated annual volume of construction work of the applicant is more than one hundred fifty thousand dollars and less than five hundred thousand dollars, the applicant shall furnish a surety bond or cash deposit of not less than two thousand five hundred dollars or more than seven thousand five hundred dollars.
- (f) If the estimated annual volume of construction work of the applicant is less than one hundred fifty thousand dollars, the applicant

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shall furnish a surety bond or cash deposit of two thousand five hundred dollars.

- 3. The total amount of the surety bond or cash deposit required of a licensee who holds more than one license under paragraphs 1 and 2 of this subsection shall be the sum of the surety bond or cash deposit required for each license based on the estimated annual volume of construction work of the applicant allocated to and performed under each license. The applicant at his option may post a single surety bond or cash deposit which shall be the sum of the bonds or deposits determined under this subsection for all such licenses.
- 4. General dual licensed contractors and subclassifications of general dual licensed contractors shall furnish a single surety bond or cash deposit with amounts for each classification of license that are determined based on the volume of commercial work as determined under paragraph 1 of this subsection and the volume of residential work as determined under paragraph 5 of this subsection. Liability under the bond or cash deposit shall be limited to the amount established for each commercial or residential license and is subject to the limitations and requirements set forth in subsection E of this section.
- 5. General residential contractors and subclassifications of general residential contractors shall furnish a surety bond or cash deposit in an amount of not more than fifteen thousand dollars and not less than five thousand dollars.
- 6. Specialty dual licensed contractors shall furnish a single surety bond or cash deposit with amounts for each classification of license that are determined based on the volume of commercial work as determined under paragraph 2 of this subsection and the volume of residential work as determined under paragraph 7 of this subsection. Liability under the bond or cash deposit shall be limited to the amount established for each commercial or residential license and is subject to the limitations and requirements set forth in subsection E of this section.
- 7. Specialty residential contractors shall furnish a surety bond or cash deposit in an amount of not more than seven thousand five hundred dollars and not less than one thousand dollars.
- 8. Dual licensed swimming pool contractors and residential swimming pool general contractors shall furnish a surety bond or cash deposit in the same amounts based on the volume of work as determined under paragraph 1 of this subsection for a general commercial contractor.
- C. Dual licensed contractors and residential contractors shall also either:
- 1. Furnish an additional surety bond or cash deposit in the amount of one TWO hundred thousand dollars solely for actual damages suffered by persons injured as described in section 32-1131. This bond shall be subject to the limitations on the amounts that may be awarded to individual claimants as established in section 32-1132.

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- 2. Participate in the residential contractors' recovery fund and pay the assessment prescribed by section 32-1132.
- The surety bonds shall be executed by the contractor as principal with a corporation duly authorized to transact surety business in this Evidence of a surety bond shall be submitted to the registrar in a form acceptable to the registrar. The contractor may in the alternative establish a cash deposit in the amount of the bond with the state treasurer in accordance with rules adopted by the registrar. Such cash bond monies shall be deposited, pursuant to sections 35-146 and 35-147, in the The state treasurer shall invest and divest contractors' cash bond fund. monies in the fund as provided by section 35-313, and monies earned from investment shall be credited to the state general fund. Such cash deposits may be withdrawn, if there are no outstanding claims against them, two years after the termination of the license in connection with which the cash is deposited. The cash deposit may be withdrawn two years after the filing of a commercial surety bond as a replacement to the cash deposit.
- E. The bonds or deposit required by subsection B of this section shall be for the benefit of and shall be subject to claims by the registrar of contractors for failure to pay any sum required pursuant to this chapter. The bond or deposit required by subsection B, paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this section is for the benefit of and subject to claims by a licensee under this chapter or a lessee, owner or co-owner of nonresidential real property including, but not limited to, a tenant in common or joint tenant, or their successors in interest, who has a direct contract with the licensee against whose bond or deposit the claim is made and who is damaged by the failure of the licensee to build or improve a structure or appurtenance on that real property at the time the work was performed in a manner not in compliance with the requirements of any building or construction code applicable to the construction work under the laws of this state or any political subdivision, or if no such code was applicable, in accordance with the standards of construction work approved by the registrar. The residential bond or deposit required by subsection B, paragraphs 4 through 8 of this section is for the benefit of and subject to claims by any person furnishing labor, materials or construction equipment on a rental basis used in the direct performance of a construction contract involving a residential structure or by persons injured as defined in section 32-1131. The bond or deposit required by subsection C, paragraph 1 of this section is for the benefit of and is subject to claims only by persons injured as described in section 32-1131. The person seeking recovery from the bond or cash deposit shall maintain an action at law against the contractor if claiming against the cash deposit or against the contractor and surety if claiming against the surety bond. If the person seeking recovery is required to give the notice pursuant to section 33-992.01, he is entitled to seek recovery only if he has given such notice and has made proof of service. The surety bond or cash deposit shall be subject to claims until the full amount thereof is

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exhausted. The court may award reasonable attorney's fees in a judgment against a contractor's surety bond or cash deposit. No suit may be commenced on the bond or for satisfaction from the cash deposit after the expiration of two years following the commission of the act or delivery of goods or rendering of services on which the suit is based, except that time for purposes of claims for fraud shall be measured as provided in section 12-543. The surety bond or cash deposit shall be continuous in form and shall be conditioned so that the total aggregate liability of the surety or cash deposit for all claims, including reasonable attorney's fees, shall be limited to the face amount of the surety bond or cash deposit irrespective of the number of years the bond or cash deposit is in force. If the corporate surety desires to make payment without awaiting court action, the amount of any bond filed in compliance with this chapter shall be reduced to the extent of any payment or payments made by the corporate surety in good faith thereunder. Any such payments shall be based on priority of written claims received by the corporate surety prior to court action. If more than one cash deposit exists, the judgment against the contractor shall state which cash deposit shall be used to satisfy the judgment. A certified copy of the judgment shall then be filed with the registrar, and such judgment shall specify that it may be satisfied from the contractor's cash deposit. Priority for payment shall be based upon the time of filing with the registrar. Upon receipt of a certified copy of the judgment, the registrar may authorize payment from the cash deposit of the amount claimed or of whatever lesser amount remains on file. In any action against a cash deposit, the claimant, at the time of filing suit, may notify the registrar in writing of the action against the cash deposit, but shall not name as a defendant in the action the registrar, the treasurer, or the state. Failure to so notify the registrar at the time of filing suit may result in the cash deposit being withdrawn by the licensee prior to judgment pursuant to subsection D of this section.

F. When a corporate surety cancels a bond, the surety shall not less than thirty days prior to the effective date of the cancellation give the principal and the registrar a written notice of the cancellation. Notice to the principal shall be by certified mail in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid. Proof of notice to the principal shall be made available to the registrar on request. On reduction or depletion of the cash deposit, the registrar shall immediately notify the licensee of said reduction or depletion and that the licensee must replenish the cash deposit or furnish a surety bond on or before thirty days from the date of said reduction or depletion or the contractor's license shall be suspended on the thirtieth day without further notice or hearing. Notice to the contractor shall be by certified mail in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid thereon, addressed to the contractor's latest address of record in the registrar's office. The contractor's license shall be suspended by operation of law on the date the bond is canceled or thirty days from the date of reduction or

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depletion of the cash deposit unless a replacement bond or cash deposit is on file with the registrar.

- G. The registrar and the state treasurer shall have no personal liability for the performance of duties relating to the bonds, cash deposits, certificates of deposit, investment certificates or share accounts required or permitted by this chapter as long as such duties are performed in good faith.
- H. In the following instances the registrar, after a hearing, may require, as a condition precedent to issuance, renewal, continuation or removal of suspension of a license, a surety bond or cash deposit in an amount and duration to be fixed by the registrar based upon the seriousness of the violations, which shall be not more than ten times the amount required by subsection B of this section:
- 1. When a license of either the applicant or the qualifying party has been suspended or revoked or a surety bond or cash deposit requirement has been increased under section 32-1154 previously as the result of disciplinary action for a violation of this chapter.
- 2. When either the applicant or qualifying party was an officer, member, partner or qualifying party for a licensee at any time during which cause for disciplinary action occurred resulting in suspension or revocation of such licensee's license and such applicant or qualifying party had knowledge of or participated in the act or omission which was the cause of such disciplinary action for a violation of this chapter.
- 3. The bonds required by this subsection shall be in addition to any other bond or cash deposit required by this chapter or any other bond required of a contractor by an owner or any other contracting party on any contract undertaken by him pursuant to the authority of such license.
  - Sec. 7. Section 32-1154, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 32-1154. Grounds for suspension or revocation of license; continuing jurisdiction; civil penalty; recovery fund award
- A. The holder of a license or any person listed on a license pursuant to this chapter shall not commit any of the following acts or omissions:
- 1. Abandonment of a contract or refusal to perform after submitting a bid on work without legal excuse for the abandonment or refusal.
- 2. Departure from or disregard of plans or specifications or any building codes of the state or any political subdivision of the state in any material respect which is prejudicial to another without consent of the owner or the owner's duly authorized representative and without the consent of the person entitled to have the particular construction project or operation completed in accordance with such plans and specifications and code.
  - 3. Violation of any rule adopted by the registrar.
- 4. Failure to comply with the statutes or rules governing social security, workers' compensation or unemployment insurance.

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- 5. Failure to pay income taxes, withholding taxes or any tax imposed by title 42, chapter 5, articles 1 and 4 and incurred in the operation of the licensed business.
- 6. Misrepresentation of a material fact by the applicant in obtaining a license.
- 7. The doing of a wrongful or fraudulent act by the licensee as a contractor resulting in another person being substantially injured.
  - 8. Conviction of a felony.
- 9. Failure in a material respect by the licensee to complete a construction project or operation for the price stated in the contract, or in any modification of the contract.
- 10. Aiding or abetting a licensed or unlicensed person to evade this chapter, knowingly combining or conspiring with a licensed or unlicensed person, allowing one's license to be used by a licensed or unlicensed person or acting as agent, partner, associate or otherwise of a licensed or unlicensed person with intent to evade this chapter.
- 11. Failure by a licensee or agent or official of a licensee to pay monies in excess of seven hundred fifty dollars when due for materials or services rendered in connection with the licensee's operations as a contractor when the licensee has the capacity to pay or, if the licensee lacks the capacity to pay, when the licensee has received sufficient monies as payment for the particular construction work project or operation for which the services or materials were rendered or purchased.
- 12. Failure of a contractor to comply with any safety or labor laws or codes of the federal government, state or political subdivisions of the state.
  - 13. Failure in any material respect to comply with this chapter.
- 14. Knowingly entering into a contract with a contractor for work to be performed for which a license is required with a person not duly licensed in the required classification.
- 15. Acting in the capacity of a contractor under any license issued under this chapter in a name other than as set forth upon the license.
- 16. False, misleading or deceptive advertising whereby any member of the public may be misled and injured.
- 17. Knowingly contracting beyond the scope of the license or licenses of the licensee.
- 18. Contracting or offering to contract or submitting a bid while the license is under suspension or while the license is on inactive status.
- 19. Failure to notify the registrar in writing within a period of fifteen days of any disassociation of the person who qualified for the license. Such licensee shall have sixty days from the date of such disassociation to qualify through another person.
- 20. Subsequent discovery of facts which if known at the time of issuance of a license or the renewal of a license would have been grounds to deny the issuance or renewal of a license.

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- 21. Having a person named on the license who is named on any other license in this state or in another state which is under suspension or revocation unless the prior revocation was based solely on a violation of this paragraph.
- 22. Continuing a new single family residential construction project with actual knowledge that a pretreatment wood-destroying pests or organisms application was either:
  - (a) Not performed at the required location.
- (b) Performed in a manner inconsistent with label requirements, state law or rules.
- 23. Failure to take appropriate corrective action to comply with this chapter or with rules adopted pursuant to this chapter without valid justification within a reasonable period of time after receiving a written directive from the registrar. The written directive shall set forth the time within which the contractor is to complete the remedial action. The time permitted for compliance shall not be less than fifteen days from the date of issuance of the directive. A license shall not be revoked or suspended nor shall any other penalty be imposed for a violation of this paragraph until after a hearing has been held.
- 24. Prohibit, threaten to prohibit, retaliate, threaten to retaliate or otherwise intimidate any contractor or materialman from serving a preliminary notice pursuant to section 33-992.01.
- B. The registrar may on the registrar's own motion, and shall on the written complaint of any person, investigate the acts of any contractor within this state and may temporarily suspend, with or without imposition of specific conditions in addition to increased surety bond or cash deposit requirements, or permanently revoke any or all licenses issued under this chapter if the holder of the license issued pursuant to this chapter is guilty of or commits any of the acts or omissions set forth in subsection A of this section.
- C. The expiration, cancellation, suspension or revocation of a license by operation of law or by decision and order of the registrar or a court of law or the voluntary surrender of a license by a licensee shall not deprive the registrar of jurisdiction to proceed with any investigation of or action or disciplinary proceeding against such licensee, or to render a decision suspending or revoking such a license, or denying the renewal or right of renewal of such license.
- D. The registrar may impose a civil penalty of not to exceed five hundred dollars on a contractor for each violation of subsection A, paragraph 23 of this section. Civil penalties collected pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited in the residential contractors' recovery fund. The failure by the licensee to pay any civil penalty imposed under this subsection results in the automatic revocation of the license thirty days after the effective date of the order providing for the civil penalty. No future license may be issued to an entity consisting of a person associated

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44 45 with the contractor, as defined in section 32-1101, subsection A, paragraph 5, unless payment of any outstanding civil penalty is tendered.

Notwithstanding any other provisions in this chapter, if a contractor's license has been revoked or has been suspended as a result of an order to remedy a violation of this chapter, and the contractor refuses or is unable to comply with the order of the registrar to remedy the violation, the registrar may order payment from the residential contractors' recovery fund to remedy the violation. THE REGISTRAR SHALL SERVE THE CONTRACTOR WITH A NOTICE SETTING FORTH THE AMOUNT CLAIMED OR TO BE AWARDED. IF THE CONTRACTOR CONTESTS THE AMOUNT OR PROPRIETY OF THE PAYMENT, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL RESPOND WITHIN TEN DAYS OF THE DATE OF SERVICE BY REQUESTING A HEARING TO DETERMINE THE AMOUNT OR PROPRIETY OF THE PAYMENT. THE CONTRACTOR TO RESPOND IN WRITING WITHIN TEN DAYS OF THE DATE OF SERVICE SHALL BE DEEMED A WAIVER BY THE CONTRACTOR OF THE RIGHT TO CONTEST THE AMOUNT SERVICE MAY BE MADE BY PERSONAL SERVICE TO THE CLAIMED OR TO BE AWARDED. CONTRACTOR OR BY MAILING A COPY OF THE NOTICE BY REGISTERED MAIL WITH POSTAGE PREPAID TO THE CONTRACTOR'S LATEST ADDRESS OF RECORD ON FILE IN THE REGISTRAR'S OFFICE. IF SERVICE IS MADE BY REGISTERED MAIL, IT IS EFFECTIVE FIVE DAYS AFTER THE NOTICE IS MAILED. Except as provided in section 41–1092.08, subsection H, the contractor or injured person may seek judicial review of the registrar's final award pursuant to title 12, chapter 7, article 6.

Sec. 8. Title 32, chapter 10, article 3, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended by adding section 32-1158.01, to read:

32-1158.01. Swimming pool; spa; construction contracts

- A. IN ADDITION TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 32-1158, A LICENSED CONTRACTOR WHO ENTERS INTO A CONTRACT FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OR INSTALLATION OF A RESIDENTIAL IN-GROUND SWIMMING POOL OR SPA WITH A PURCHASER WHO RESIDES IN THE RESIDENCE OR WHO INTENDS TO RESIDE IN THE RESIDENCE AFTER THE COMPLETION OF THE CONTRACT SHALL INCLUDE AT LEAST THE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS:
- 1. A PROVISION PROVIDING THE PURCHASER THE OPPORTUNITY TO REQUEST STANDARD CONTRACTOR'S PAYMENT AND PERFORMANCE BONDS IN A FORM APPROVED BY THE REGISTRAR, SECURING THE COMPLETION OF THE WORK AND PAYMENT FOR SERVICES AND MATERIALS. THE COST OF THE PAYMENT AND PERFORMANCE BOND SHALL BE PAID BY THE PURCHASER OF THE SWIMMING POOL OR SPA AND THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT CHARGE A SURCHARGE OR A SERVICE CHARGE.
  - 2. THE FOLLOWING PAYMENT PROVISIONS:
- (a) A DOWN PAYMENT PAYABLE ON THE EXECUTION OF THE CONTRACT OF NOT MORE THAN ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS.
- (b) AFTER THE COMPLETION OF THE EXCAVATION WORK ON THE SWIMMING POOL OR SPA, A PAYMENT OF NOT MORE THAN THIRTY PER CENT OF THE AMOUNT OF THE ORIGINAL CONTRACT PRICE PLUS ANY WRITTEN CHANGE ORDERS APPROVED BY THE PURCHASER.
- (c) AFTER THE INSTALLATION OF STEEL, PLUMBING AND PNEUMATICALLY APPLIED CONCRETE MATERIALS OR THE INSTALLATION OF A PREFABRICATED SWIMMING

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POOL OR SPA, A PAYMENT OF NOT MORE THAN THIRTY PER CENT OF THE AMOUNT OF THE ORIGINAL CONTRACT PRICE PLUS ANY WRITTEN CHANGE ORDERS APPROVED BY THE PURCHASER.

- (d) AFTER THE INSTALLATION OF DECKING MATERIALS, A PAYMENT OF NOT MORE THAN THIRTY PER CENT OF THE AMOUNT OF THE ORIGINAL CONTRACT PRICE PLUS ANY WRITTEN CHANGE ORDERS APPROVED BY THE PURCHASER.
- (e) BEFORE THE APPLICATION OF THE FINISHING INTERIOR MATERIALS OR COMPLETION OF ALL WORK ON A PREFABRICATED POOL OR SPA, PAYMENT OF ALL REMAINING SUMS DUE ON THE ORIGINAL CONTRACT PLUS ANY WRITTEN CHANGE ORDERS APPROVED BY THE PURCHASER.
- 3. A PROVISION THAT GIVES NOTICE TO THE PURCHASER, IN A FORM APPROVED BY THE REGISTRAR THAT IS IN AT LEAST TEN POINT TYPE, OF THE PURCHASER'S RIGHT TO RECEIVE WRITTEN MATERIAL THAT ADVISES THE PURCHASER OF THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION AND OF THE PROCEDURES PROVIDED FOR BY THE REGISTRAR FOR THE RESOLUTION OF CLAIMS AND DISPUTES WITH LICENSED CONTRACTORS.
- 4. A PROVISION IN A FORM APPROVED BY THE REGISTRAR THAT IS IN AT LEAST TEN POINT TYPE, ADVISING THE PURCHASER OF THE PURCHASER'S RIGHTS UNDER TITLE 44, CHAPTER 15.
- B. IF A PURCHASER REQUIRES THE CONTRACTOR TO FURNISH A PAYMENT AND PERFORMANCE BOND SECURING THE PERFORMANCE OF THE CONTRACT, THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPH 2 OF THIS SECTION MAY BE CHANGED IN ANY MANNER AGREED TO BY THE PARTIES TO THE CONTRACT.
- C. ANY CHANGES, ADDITIONS OR DELETIONS TO THE WORK SPECIFIED IN THE ORIGINAL CONTRACT SHALL BE INCLUDED IN A WRITTEN CHANGE ORDER.
- D. A CONTRACTOR'S FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THIS SECTION IS A VIOLATION OF SECTION 32-1154, SUBSECTION A.

APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR MAY 6, 2002.

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE MAY 7, 2002.

Passed the House Abril		Passed the Senate Marc	L25,20 02
Passed the House <u>April</u> by the following vote:		by the following vote: $29$	
<i>O</i> Nays,			Not Voting
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	at	o'clock M.	
		Secretary to the Governor	
Approved this	day of, 20,		-
at	o'clockM.		
	Governor of Arizona	EXECUTIVE DEPART OFFICE OF SECRE	
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S.B. 1399	garage and the second	this day of	, 20,
·		ato'clock	M.

Secretary of State

# SENATE CONCURS IN HOUSE AMENDMENTS . AND FINAL PASSAGE

Passed the Senate \_\_\_

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	by the following vote: _	<u> </u>		Ayes,
		Nays,	Not V	oting
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		Mouf	ecretary of State	

S.B. 1399

Approved this\_

3:41 o'clock \_\_